# CADW F FARI sURIVEY 2023 

## Report of Findings

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Prepared for
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## Background to the research

## cat protection society orsm

Cat Protection Society in NSW has a vision of finding every cat in need, a loving and responsible home. In addition to that, they also work with the government and the community to promote socially and environmentally responsible cat ownership.


One of its strategies is to encourage cat owners to desex their cats at an early age. Research studies conducted by Ipsos in 2017, 2018 and 2019 shows that around $90 \%$ of cat owners desex their cats.


A repeat of the 2017, 2018 and 2019 studies was recently conducted to track whether more cat owners are now desexing their cats.
Inputs from this study are sought to formulate plans and strategies to target communities in NSW with cat welfare communications.

## Addressing the business questions

## Business Questions

Who are the owners who have and who have not desexed their cat?

Are certain type of cats more likely to be desexed than others?

3 What are the barriers to early-age desexing?

4
Will health messaging improve the rate of cat desexing?

## Research Objectives

- Identify the profile of owners who have desexed their cats
- Identify the profile of owners who have not desexed their cats
- Identify the profile of cats which have been desexed
- Identify the profile of cats which have not been desexed
- Determining whether the origin of cats highly correlates with owners not knowing if their cats have been desexed
- Investigate the barriers to desexing
- Verify whether cost is a barrier for not desexing their cats
- Awareness of health benefits of desexing cats by each group
- Examine whether health benefits have an impact on owner/future owner's decision to desex their cats


## Study Design



Quantitative online survey
Survey length: 10 mins
Fieldwork dates: 16/06/23 $\rightarrow$ 03/07/23


Aged 18+ years, cat owners, living in New South Wales (NSW)

Spread across age, gender, and region (metro versus rural)
Note: Results from 2023 are compared with 2019 and highlighted if different

| Sample sizes | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total respondents | 519 | 524 | 516 | 513 |
| - Cat owners | 363 | 364 | 356 | 513 |
| - Non-cat owners |  |  |  |  |
| Total number of cats | 156 | 160 | 160 | N/A |
| *Excluded in 2023 | 542 | 582 | 803 |  |

## $\stackrel{1}{6}$ <br> ANALYSIS

Analysis is conducted by the following groups:

- Cat owners
- Who have desexed all their cats
- Who have not desexed all their cats (including 'don't know')
- Cats which have been desexed
- Cats which have not been desexed

Data was weighted by age, gender and location at total level so that it is comparable to 2017, 2018 and 2019.

Total sample analysis is not possible due to quota sampling

## Cats and their Owners

There majority of cat-owning households continue to have a single-cat, although multi-cat ownership has remained higher than in 2018. However, there has been a decrease in the ownership of dogs and fish among cat owners.

The primary sources for obtaining cats remain family/friends and animal shelters, although pet shop purchases have increased. Cat registration numbers have significantly risen since 2019, exclusively attributed to desexed cats who also exhibit greater vaccination rates than non-desexed cats.


```
N U M B E R
OF CATS
O W N E D
```


## The majority of cat owners continue to have only one cat but multi-cat ownership is still greater than in 2018.

NUMBER OF CATS OWNED PER HOUSEHOLD


OTHER PETS CAT OWNERS HAVE
Cat owners are less likely to own dogs, as well as fish, than in 2019.

OTHER PETS OWNED BY CAT OWNERS


## As in 2019, the two most common place to get cats are from family \& friends and animal shelters. While numbers are low, there has been a significant increase in purchasing cats from pet shops.



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FREQUENCY OF VISITS TO THE VET
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## Visits to the vet have remained relatively unchanged from 2019.



There has been a significant increase in the number of cats registered since 2019 while desexing and vaccination rates remain the same.

INCIDENCE AMONG TOTAL CATS

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { REGISTERED } \\
85 \%+
\end{gathered}
$$



```
VACCINATION
& REGISTRATION INCIDENCE BASED
```

Desexed cats continue to have higher vaccination and registration rates compared to non-desexed cats. The increase in registration is driven entirely by desexed cats.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Have been vaccinated | Have been registered |
| Among cats which have been desexed | 89\% | $91 \%$ + |
|  | 2019: $89 \%$ - | 2019: $82 \%$ - |
|  | 2018: 87\% | 2018: 80\% |
|  | 2017: 83\% | 2017: 79\% |
| Among cats which have NOT been desexed | 59\% | 38\% |
|  | 2019: 65\% | 2019: 41\% |
|  | 2018: $63 \%$ + | 2018:51\% + |
|  | 2017: 39\% | 2017: $26 \%$ |

## PROFILE: CAT OWNERS WHO HAVE DESEXED THEIR CATS



Average: 54.4 y.o.
(2019: 50 y.o. | 2018: 49 y.o. | 2017: 50 y.o.)

REGIONS IN NSW

(2019: 38\% M , 62\% F)

## HOUSEHOLD

EMPLOYMENT

|  | Professional/ Managerial |  | 22\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60\% | Sales/Clerical | 12\% | 13\% |
| Have employment | Technical/ Skilled | 10\% | 11\% |
| (2019: 62\%) | Unskilled/ Labourer | 4\% | 3\% |
| $33 \%$ | Other occupations | 6\% | 13\% |
| Work from home (2019: 18\%) |  |  |  |



EDUCATION


2019
41\%
$13 \%$

19\%

27\%
$\underline{\underline{H H} \quad I N C O M} 2019$
$\left.\begin{array}{r|cc}\text { Low (<75k) } & & 41 \% \\ \begin{array}{r}\text { Medium }\end{array} & 37 \% \\ (75 \mathrm{k}-150 \mathrm{k})\end{array}\right)$

Average $\$ 94,500$
2019: \$87,432

```
PROFILE:

\section*{AGE OF CAT}


Average 5.1 y.o.
(2019: 5.8 y.o. - | 2018: 6.6 y.o. | 2017: 7.2 y.o.)

\section*{WHERE THEY GOT THE CAT FROM}


CAT GENDER VISITS TO THE VET

(2019: 48\% M, 52\% F)


Average: 1.1 times a year
(2019: Once a year)

\section*{WHERE CAT LIVES}
\begin{tabular}{r|l|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{r} 
Indoors only
\end{tabular} & & \(42 \%\) \\
\begin{tabular}{r} 
Indoors/outdoors as they \\
choose
\end{tabular} & & \(19 \%\) \\
\begin{tabular}{r} 
Indoors/outdoors but always \\
indoors overnight
\end{tabular} & & \(25 \%\) \\
\begin{tabular}{r} 
Indoors/outdoors but always \\
outdoors overnight
\end{tabular} & \(2 \%\) & \\
\begin{tabular}{r} 
Outdoors only
\end{tabular} & \(3 \%\) & \\
\begin{tabular}{rl} 
Indoors/outdoors but outdoor \\
access is physically restricted
\end{tabular} & \(9 \%\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{VACCINATION \& REGISTRATION}


89\%
Have been vaccinated (2019: 89\%)


91\% + Have been registered (2019: 82\%)

\section*{Non-Desexed Cats and their Owners}

The number of multi-cat households with nondesexed cats has decreased since 2019, returning to 2018 levels. Costs continue to be the primary obstacle for desexing, with those that haven't desexed their cats having a skewed perspective on the investment required.

Plans for cat desexing have nearly doubled since 2019, yet many are delaying due to concerns about cost and time commitments.


\section*{NUMBER OF CATS OWNED AMONG OWNERS NOT DESEXED ALL CATS}

\section*{There is a significant decrease in multi-cat households that have not desexed all their cats compared to 2019.}

NUMBER OF CATS OWNED PER HOUSEHOLD (Among owners who have not desexed all their cats)

/V significantly higher/lower than previous year @ \(90 \%\) confidence level

OTHER PETS NON-DESEXED CAT OWNERS HAVE
Similar to total cat owners, the number of owners of desexed cats who also own fish has decreased, along with a directional decrease in dog ownership.

OTHER PETS OWNED
(AMONG OWNERS Who have not desexed all thelr cats)

\begin{tabular}{llll}
2019 & \(64 \%\) & \(23 \%\) & \(33 \%\) \\
2018 & \(52 \%\) & \(13 \%\) & \(19 \%\) \\
2017 & \(65 \%\) & \(22 \%\) & \(28 \%\)
\end{tabular}

REASONS FOR NOT DESEXING ALL THEIR CATS
The cost of desexing is the primary barrier for not desexing cats. The cat age and time requirement are also top barriers.


17 - © 2023 Ipsos Base: Cats which have not been desexed, \(2017 \mathrm{n}=54,2018 \mathrm{n}=50,2019 \mathrm{n}=63\), \(2023 \mathrm{n}=81\)
Base: Cats which have not been desexed, \(2017 \mathrm{n}=54,2018 \mathrm{n}=50,2019 \mathrm{n}=63,2023 \mathrm{n}=81\)
Q10. You mentioned that your cat/cats is/are not desexed, could you please state the main reason(s) why not?
```

PERCIEVED COST TO HAVEA CAT / KITTEN DESEXED

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Those who have not desexed their cats perceive the cost to do so to be notably higher than those that have. The perceived cost has increased considerably since 2019.

PERCEIVED COST OF DESEXING

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PLANS TO DESEX CATS

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\section*{Plans to desex cats have almost doubled since 2019. However many delay due to perceived cost and time implications.}

DO THEY PLAN TO DESEX THEIR CATS? (AMONG THOSE WHO HAVEN'T)

\section*{Percentage \% Yes}

(23\% of these cats will never get desexed and \(16 \%\) the owners are not sure)
vs. 2019: \(54 \%\) will never and \(13 \%\) not sure

REASONS FOR THE DELAY IN DESEXING THEIR CATS
(AMONG THOSE THAT PLAN TO DESEX) Base: 51 cats

+/- significantly higher/lower than previous year @ 90\% confidence level
19 - © 2023 Ipsos Base: Cats which have not been desexed, \(2017 \mathrm{n}=54,2018 \mathrm{n}=50,2019 \mathrm{n}=63,2023 \mathrm{n}=81\).
```ON'TKNOW IF DESEXED
```


## Nearly all owners know if their cats are desexed or not. The 3 cats that are unknown are largely adopted from the wild.

HOW MANY ARE UNSURE
WHERE THE CATS WERE FROM

For 3 cats out of a total of 803, owners are unsure if they have been desexed or not (2019: 10 from 582)

2 Found them in the street/out "in the wild"
1 Friend/neighbour/family member

## PROFILE: CAT OWNERS WHO HAVE NOT DESEXED THEIR CATS



Average: 40.6 y.o.
(2019:46 y.o. | 2018 : 42 y.0. 1 2017:41 y.o.)
REGIONS IN NSW

(2019: 30\% M , 70\% F)

## HOUSEHOLD



## 3.3

Average household members
(2019: 3.3)


59\%
With kids <18
(2019: 52\%)

## E M P L O Y M E N T

|  | Professional/ Managerial |  | 38\% | 14\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68\% | Sales/Clerical | 11\% |  | 24\% |
| Have employment | Technical/ Skilled | 11\% |  | 10\% |
| (2019: 62\%) | Unskilled/ Labourer | 4\% |  | 0\% |
| 44\% | Other occupations | 4\% |  | 9\% |
| Work from home (2019: 36\%) |  |  |  |  |

EDUCATION

| Bachelor or <br> higher |  | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diploma | 42\% | $29 \%$ |

## PROFILE: CATS THAT HAVE NOT BEEN DESEXED

## AGE OF CAT



## WHERE THEY GOT THE CAT FROM



CAT GENDER


[^0]VISITS TO THE VET
2019

Average: Once a year
(2019: Every six months)

## WHERE CAT LIVES



VACCINATION \& REGISTRATION


59\% $\downarrow$

## Have been

 vaccinated (2019: 65\%)
$38 \% \downarrow$
Have been registered (2019: 41\%)

## Communicating the Benefits of Desexing

The number of cat owners accurately recalling the age at which cats can undergo desexing has increased in the past few years. However, awareness of conception age has notably decreased among nondesexed cat owners.

Educating owners about desexing benefits could decrease non-desexed households by over 20\%, or $1 \%$ of total cat owners.


## AWARENESS OF FACTS ABOUT DESEXING

The number of cat owners who correctly recall the age that cats can be desexed has increased. However, there has been a significant decrease in the awareness of the age that cats can conceive among cat owners who have not desexed their cat.


```
E F F E C T S
OF EXPOSURE TO
B E NEFIT S
O F
D E S E XING
```

Education/exposing owners to the benefits of desexing would decrease the number of non-desexed households by a fifth. However two in five are still unsure if they would.

DECISION TO DESEX AFTER EDUCATION


Yes


No


Don't know

## CAT OWNERSHIP BREAKDOWN

## Further education on desexing will influence an additional 1\% of cat owners, overall. The vast majority already have or plan to desex their cats.



## Sources of Information

The utilization of various information sources remains consistent, with vet clinics and internet searches being the most commonly used methods.



There is no change in the usage of different information sources with vet clinic and internet search remaining most prevalent.

TOP SOURCES OF INFORMATION ON CAT CARE


Cat/animal welfare charity

2019: 44\%<br>2018: 43\%



31\%
Pet Shop

## 2019: 29\%

2018: 29\%


26\%
Friends/ Family

## 2019: 26\%

2018: 26\%


19\%

## Cat

 Breeder2019: 17\% 2018: 19\%

Base: Cat owners, $\mathrm{n}=513$
Source: Q23 (If you were looking for information or advice on cat care, what would be the three most likely
28 - © 2023 Ipsos sources you would choose for that information? Please rank your top three choices where $1=$ 'most likely', 2 = 'second most likely', 3 = 'third most likely')

## Relationships with Stray Cats

In 2023, there is a notable decline in the number of cat owners tending to strays. About 70\% are willing to have their local stray cat desexed if the cost is low or free.

CARE
O F
STRAY
C ATS

There are significantly fewer cat owners who care for strays in 2023 with $\mathbf{7}$ in $\mathbf{1 0}$ happy to desex their local friend if it is cheap or free.

## FEED OR CARE FOR STRAY CATS

Percentage \% Yes

DESEX STRAY CATS IF FREE/CHEAP (AMONG CAT OWNERS WHO CARE FOR STRAYS)
Base: N=101
Percentage \% Yes


## PROFILE: CAT OWNERS WHO CARE/FEED STRAY CATS



Average: 44.7 y.o.
(2019: 44 y.o.)

GENDER


40\% 60\%
(2019: 37\% M , 63\% F)

REGIONS IN NSW


## HOUSEHOLD


2.8

Average household members (2019: 3.1)


45\%
With kids <18
(2019: 53\%)

EDUCATION

| EMPLO | Y M E N T |  | H H | 1 | M E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2019 |  |  | 2019 |
| $\square$ | Professional/ Manager | \% 31\% | Low (755k) | 43\% | $41 \%$ |
| 69\% | SalesClierical ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 13\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { (75edium } \\ \left.(75 k)^{\prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 34\% | 46\% |
| Have employment (2019:71\%) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { lechnıcal/ } \\ \text { Skilled } \\ \text { Unskilled/ } \end{array}$ | 14\% |  | 15\% | 8\% |
| 47\% |  | ${ }^{2 \%}$ | Refused | - | 5\% |
| Work from home | occl |  | Average | \$90,868 |  |

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## THANK YOU


[^0]:    (2019: 60\% M, 40\% F)

